The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY, MAY 7, 1906 XLIV—NO. 7

BENEFITS HERE FOR THE MINERS

Its Distribution Will be Commenced Next Friday.

BACK FROM STATE MEETING.

President Gorman and John M. Davis Will Have Charge of the Benefit and Will Visit the Locals — Operators Will Meet Tuesday.

President Peter Goramn and Secretary John Adams, of the United Mine Workers of the Massillon district, arrived in Massillon Saturday morning to make arrangements for the distribution of a three dollar benefit to each miner in the district not now employed. There are over two thousand miners in the district and about two hundred are at work in the mines owned by the operators who have signed the 1903 wage scale.

Mr. Gorman returned Friday from Columbus, where he attended a meeting of the state executive board. Arrangements were made at that meeting for the payment of the first weekly benefit of three dollars to the miners of Ohio who are out of work. The money for this benefit was taken from the defense fund maintained by the organization. The fund is not yet exhausted, but the state committee has not made arrangements for further benefits. If other weekly benefits are to be paid the state committee will consider this at another meeting.

President Gorman deposited a check for an amount sufficient to meet the requirements of the district's benefit at a bank in the city Saturday morning. The state executive committee placed the distribution of the money entirely in President Gorman's and Secretary Adams' charge. They desire to pay the men in currency as far as possible, and this will require the collection of hundreds of dollar bills and silver dollars. As much paper money will be obtained as possible.

President P. J. Gorman, of sub-district No. 3 of district No. 6, U. M. W. of A., will be at the following places to distribute the weekly benefits, at the hours named:

Navarre, Monday, May 7, at 9 o'clock a. m.

East Greenville, Tuesday, May 8, at 9 a. m.

West Lebanon, Wednesday, May 9, at 9 a. m.

Elton, Wednesday, May 9, at 1 p. m.

West Brookfield, Thursday, May 10, at 9 a. m.

North Lawrence, Friday, May 11, at 10 a. m.

Manchester, Saturday, May 12, at 11 a. m.

Massillon, Monday, May 14, at 2 p. m., at Trades and Labor Assembly hall.

John M. Davis will be at the following places to make the ditsribution:

Dalton, Wednesday, May 9, at 10 a. m.

Millport, Thursday, May 10, at 9 a. m., and at Canal Fulton at 3:30 p. m. the same day.

Stanwood, Friday, May 11, at 2 p. m.

Notices issued in Columbus say that there will be another conference of the operators of Ohio who have not signed the 1903 wage scale in Columbus next Tuesday. The reason for the meeting has not been announced. The Lorain Coal and Dock Company, with offices in Columbus, signed the 1903 wage scale for its miners, Saturday, and the mines will be opened Monday. This company operates mines in southeastern Ohio and gives employment to about 2,500 men. A prophecy from Columbus says that this break in the ranks of the operators in that part of Ohio will lead to the signing of the wage scale by other operators.

The Massillon operators who have not signed the scale say they have no definite knowledge concerning the purpose of the conference other than it is for the purpose of discussing the situation in a general way. At a meeting of the operators a few days ago an agreement was reached that none would sign the scale until another meeting had been held. At that time they said they desired arbitration. A dispatch from Columbus says:

"The operators whose mines are now at work deny that their tonnage has decreased fifty per cent in the last week because of lessened demand for coal, but instead say that more orders have been received this week than last and that their mines are working almost full time. They also deny that coal has been offered by them to the Sunday Creek Company at $1.05 a ton."

Piano sale. Klein & Heffelman, Canton.

ONE-HALF WILL CLOSE.

Dow Tax Puts 6,500 Saloons Out of Business.

Columbus, May 4.—Dow Tax Deputy A. C. Corman, of the auditor of state's office, says reports received from county auditors indicate that about one-half of the 13,000 saloons in Ohio will be put out of business this year by the Aiken $1,000 law that was fought by the Anti-Saloon League. The saloons closing outnumber the new ones. Saloons starting now pay $200 to the latter part of May, when the $1,000 tax becomes effective. The law is in effect now but that part of it is not. Mahoning county today leads in discontinuances, eighteen saloons having quit on account of the law.

MR. WISEMAN IS AT HIS HOME.

He was Brought from Canton Thursday Night.

IS IN IA WEAKENED CONDITION.

He Went to Cleveland from Massillon and Then Journeyed to Canton Without Informing Relatives of His Whereabouts.

William Wiseman, concerning whom there was some anxiety Thursday, which was caused by reports from Canton that he had been found in the water works race, was located in a boarding house in Canton Thursday evening and was brought to his home in Bank street during the night by relatives. Although very weak, Mr. Wiseman was rational Friday and told of his experiences of the past two days.

He says that he went to Cleveland from Massillon Wednesday with the intention of having an operation performed in a hospital. When he arrived in Cleveland he changed his mind and as there was no train for Massillon at that time of day, he returned to Canton, intending to catch a street car for home. Upon his arrival in Canton he decided to visit a friend near the water works. When he reached the bridge across the stream he was so weak that he fell into the water. Employes at the pumping station rescued him and took him to the station. The accident occurred at midnight Wednesday. He left the station Thursday morning and spent Thursday in Canton.

While relatives searched for him during the day they found no traces of him until evening. Mr. Wiseman was found in a boarding house at the corner of Tenth and Saxton streets in the evening and was taken to the police station, where he remained until relatives called for him to bring him home.

A report was current in Canton that a bottle of laudanum was found in his clothes. Mr. Wiseman's friends say that he was accustomed to taking small doses of laudanum to alleviate pain and that the story that he had taken a large dose is absurd. Mr. Wiseman has been ill several weeks and in taking the laudanum knew its power and was always careful in its use.

Mr. Wiseman's friends feel that an operation alone will relieve his suffering, and he may be taken to a hospital for an operation as soon as he gains more strength.

FOR THE EISTEDDFOD.

Amphion Glee Society Will Prepare Music.

The Amphion Glee society, of which the Amphion chorus forms the integral part, will take part in the eisteddfod at Canton, July 4, in competition with singing societies from many other Ohio and Pennsylvania cities. The present chorus contains eighty-five singers. Others from East Greenville and other nearby places will be invited to sing in order to bring the number to at least one hundred. This number must be in a chorus in order to compete for the prizes.

The first rehearsal of the augmented chorus will be held in the Amphion hall Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Rehearsals will be held at stated intervals and every effort will be made to develop a chorus that will bring home a prize.

Last year the Massillon singers received many words of commendation for their excellent work and were advised to continue to take part in the annual singing contest. The Amphions competed with singing societies that have been carrying on competitive work for years, and in spite of the handicap, won a high place in the estimation of the judges.

CANTON PIONEER PASSES AWAY.

Mrs. Catherine A. Meyer Died Friday Morning.

PNEUMONIA CAUSED DEATH.

Born In Baltimore, But Had Resided in Canton Since 1841 — Survived by Three Children and Six Grandchildren—Funeral Next Monday Morning.

Canton, May 4.—Friday morning at 9 o'clock Mrs. Catherine A. Meyer died at her late home, 917 West Tuscarawas street. Mrs. Meyer was the widow of Joseph Meyer and was 83 years of age. She had enjoyed the best of health for one of her years until about two weeks ago, when she was attacked with acute indigestion. A week later this developed into a form of pneumonia, causing her death. The deceased was born in Baltimore, Md., December 29, 1825, and in the year 1841 came to Canton, where she had resided ever since. After coming to this city she was married to Joseph Meyer, the ceremony taking place in St. John's Catholic church in 1846. After their marriage they moved to the Meyer farm, near Meyer's lake, which is now occupied by her son, Edward J. Meyer. They next moved to the house in which the deceased died, her husband having passed away in 1869. Mrs. Meyer was the mother of five children, three of whom are still living. The latter are Mrs. John F. Blake, living in a residence adjoining the old homestead; Edward J. Meyer, of the St. Edward hotel, and Miss Catherine C. Meyer, still residing at the old homestead. George W. Meyer, who died several months ago, and Henry C. Meyer, who passed away twelve years ago, were also sons of the deceased. The deceased was also the grandmother of Joseph M., John T., Beatrice, Esther and Irene Blake, and Ned Meyer, the son of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Meyer. Mrs. Meyer was the last member of her family to answer the summons of death. She was the oldest member of St. John's Catholic church residing in Canton and a firm believer in the faith. The funeral will take place Monday morning, the hour to be announced later.

Frank Honigman was bound over to the grand jury by Mayor Turnbull Friday morning. He visited his wife's room during her absence and stole $65, which she had earned by washing. He admitted this, saying that he was about to depart for Europe.

Alfred Neulon has been dismissed from the high school because he pummeled Ralph Fawcett, another one of the pupils.

SOON FOLLOWED AUNT.

Mrs. Caroline E. Trout Died in Canton Saturday Morning.

Canton, May 5.—Mrs. Caroline Elizabeth Trout, another of Canton's old and highly respected residents, passed away at 2:30 o'clock Saturday morning, being less than twenty-four hours after the death of her aged aunt, Mrs. Catherine Meyer. The death of Mrs. Trout was caused by exhaustion, after a serious illness of seven weeks. Mrs. Trout was born in Canton May 28, 1828, being a daughter of Captain Frank Meyer and a granddaughter of Andrew Meyer, the founder of the Meyer families, who settled in Canton in 1812. She was married to Joseph F. Trout, who died in 1892, the wedding ceremony taking place on the F. C. Meyer farm, near Meyer's lake. The deceased was the mother of Miss Ella Trout, known as Sister Sacred Heart, of Washington, Ga.; Mrs. James McGuire, of Pittsburg; Mrs. Dennis Quinn and Mrs. Edward A. Biechele, of this city; Mrs. Samuel J. Roberts and Mrs. Howard McCorkle, of Lexington, Ky.; Mrs. Robert Diebold and Miss Daisy Trout, living at the old homestead. She also leaves one sister, Mrs. Haines, and one brother, Frank Meyer, living in Washingon, D. C. As was stated above she was a niece of Mrs. Catherine Meyer and while both were ill each was very solicitous as to the condition of the other, telephone messages being exchanged between the two homes now in mourning each day. They had been devoted friends all their lives and much time was spent together when both were able to be about. Both will be buried from the same church on the same day, Mrs. Trout, like her aunt, being a member of St. John's Catholic church. The death of Mrs. Trout was anticipated about a month ago, when all of her daughters gathered at the family home to give her the last farewell caresses, but she rallied and those living in other cities again left for their homes. The funeral will take place Monday morning at 9 o'clock from St. John's church, being one hour after the funeral services of Mrs. Meyer.

A PLAN TO GET A PEST HOUSE.

Board of Health, Council and Township to Co-operate.

CONFERENCES ALREADY HELD.

Others With the Council Will be Held—The Annual Sanitary Inspection is Being Made —A Low Death Rate in April.

The health of Massillon is excellent, as is shown by the April report of Dr. T. Clarke Miller, health officer, to the board of health at the May meeting Friday evening in the mayor's court room. At present there is no sign of an epidemic and only rare cases of contagious diseases have been reported. These isolated cases are well cared for and no serious results are anticipated.

There were eleven deaths in April, two in the first ward, five in the second ward and four in the third ward. The death rate per thousand was 9.16, a very low record and one which speaks well for the city in all respects. Twenty-six burial permits were issued and fourteen transit permits. Twenty-five miscellaneous permits were issued. One case of diphtheria, sixteen cases of measles and one case of tpyhoid fever were reported.

Henry Leahy, William Reed, C. Kouth and Dr. S. Hattery, of the board, and Health Officer Miller were present. In the absence of Mayor Frantz, chairman, Mr. Leahy was chosen to preside.

The board desires to co-operate with the township trustees and the council in establishing a pest house, and desires that this subject be given attention at present. The board discussed the possibility of an epidemic in Massillon or even one case of smallpox, but the discussion failed to reveal a place that could be used to house a sufferer. Members of the board have received assurances from the township trustees that the latter will help build a suitable house. One member of the board said he would not vote for a city hall until a pest house has been built. Another member said he was of the same opinion. Still another member urged the question of a garbage disposal plant, and said that institution should come before a city hall. The discussion drifted to the high tax levy and the fact was bemoaned that the city is forced to labor under the highest tax levy in the county.

The discussion was brought back to the pest house question and the board decided to call upon members of the council in a few days and acquaint them with the board's desire, which is that there shall be a plain building of three rooms, with sleeping apartments, bath room and quarters for a nurse. The board felt that a building to suit the needs ought to be built for about $1,000. The board instructed Dr. Miller to make inquiry concerning plans and specifications for a building such as had been discussed.

The sanitary inspection which is being made under the direction of Dr. Miller and Sanitary Officer Elsass, is progressing rapidly, and the entire city will have been covered in another month. The board made provision for an assistant to Officer Elsass for a few days, should he need help to do work requiring more than one person It is the opinion of Dr. Miller that the city is generally in a cleanly condition.

The board adjourned with the understanding that it was to be called together at any time to consider plans for a pest house if a desire was manifested by the other city and township officers to take up the question at once.

We care not how you suffered, nor what failed to cure you, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes the puniest, weakest specimen of man or womanhood strong and healthy. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. The Baltzly Company.

ECONOMIC HOUSE PAINTING

Does not depend upon buying the cheapest paint without regard to quality. There are some paints which cost less than "Green Seal;" but they are more expensive in the long run. For sale by the Hawk Hardware Co.

For any pain, from top to toe, from any cause, apply Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Pain can't stay where it is used.

PLANS FOR TWO DEDICATIONS.

New United Brethren and Presbyterian Churches.

FIRST TO OCCUR ON MAY 13.

The Rev Dr. W. R. Funk, of Dayton, is to Dedicate the U. B. Church, Assisted by Many Out-of-Town Pastors— Presbyterian Dedication July 1.

The new United Brethren church in West Tremont street, which is to be dedicated on Sunday, May 13, is practically completed. This week the carpets were laid and the seats put in. The auditorium, with the Sunday school alcoves adjoining, and the gallery, has a seating capacity of 1,800. It is expected that it will be taxed to its utmost one week from Sunday.

The church is to be dedicated by the Rev. Dr. W. R. Funk, of Dayton. Others taking part in the dedication service will be the Rev. James Jones, pastor of the church; the Rev. J. M. Poulton and the Rev. C. F. Thompson, of Navarre; the Rev. D. W. Sprinkle, D. D., of Lorain; the Rev. C. W. Recard, of Canton; the Rev. O. W. Slusser and the Rev. W. W. Clark, of Akron; the Rev. H. H. Davis, of New Philadelphia, and the Rev. M. F. Fritz, of Beach City. The visiting clergy will reach the city on Saturday and an evening service will be held at the church at 7:30. The regular service of dedication will be held at 10:30 Sunday morning. At 3 p. m. there will be a fraternal meeting, to which the pastors of other Massillon churches will be invited.

The Rev. R. R. Bigger, pastor, and the congregation of the Presbyterian church desire to hold dedication services for the new church on Sunday, July 1. That date will be within a few days of the fifty-fifth anniversary of the founding of the church, and it is the desire of the congregation and the Rev. Mr. Bigger to celebrate the old and the new occasion jointly. The church will be ready by July 1, but there seems to be some doubt about the completion of the pipe organ. If this is ready the dedication will occur as desired. If the services are not held on that Sunday the church will not be dedicated until several weeks later, as the anniversary occasion will have passed and the services will be delayed until every piece of work about the building has been completed.

The large door between the auditorium and the parish house, a lifting door about twenty-five feet in width and as high as the ceiling of the parish house, has been placed in position. Fire places, grates and mantels have been placed in the parlors. The auditorium is being finished. For the past week a small force of carpenters has been finishing up all small pieces of work. There are thirty rooms in the building and all work could be finished in a week if it was necessary.

READY FOR THE PILGRIMS

Parish at Carey Making Good Preparations This Year.

The annual pilgrimage to the shrine of Our Lady of Consolation at Carey will take place this year on May 17. It is always held on the Thursday following the fourth Sunday after Easter. Hence the date changes with Easter. The members of the parish have made great preparations to receive the pilgrims who seek aid and consolation in their various afflictions. There will be services every day beginning Sunday, the patronal feast, until Thursday. The Revs. Frederick Houck, of Toledo, and J. B. Mertes, of Ottoville, will deliver the sermons on pilgrimage day.

The parish at Carey was made possible by the efforts of Father Goldon, a Catholic priest of Switzerland, who brought with him a statue from a shrine there. Thousands make the pilgrimage annually and the cures effected are said to be almost miraculous.

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But you get your money's worth,
For what does money mean to you
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TEN KILLED IN WRECK.

Many Also Injured in Collision onthe Pennsylvania.

Altoona, Pa, May 5.—(By Associated Press.)—Ten persons are dead as a result of a collision on the Pennsylvania near Clover Creek Junction last night. Six were killed outright and four have since died from injuries. About twenty were injured. The dead are: J. W. Wafner, of Mifflintown, Pa.; J. W. Cox, of Dowington, Pa.; Mail Clerk Schuylt, of Washington; Mail Clerk Jones and F. G. Harder, of Harrisburg; Max Tarlove, of South Norwalk, Conn.; J. D. Conover, of New York; J. E. Herna, of Jersey City; an unknown woman and an unknown man. Among the injured was Express Messenger C. J. Scott, of Ft. Wayne, Ind.

SETTLEMENT IN PENNSYLVANIA.

There Will be No Strike in the Anthracite Field.

MINERS ACCEPT 1903 SCALE.

Order Calling for Suspension of Work Will be Recalled at Once—Operators Have Been Willing to Continue Work on Terms of Old Scale.

Scranton, May 5.—(By Associated Press.)—The miners' scale committee today recommended that the miners return to work under the scale of 1903, which was the strike commission's award. The consideration of the recommendation was immediately begun by the convention.

Later—There will be no strike of the anthracite miners, the report of the committee having been adopted. President Mitchell and other officials urged the adoption of the report of the committee. The suspension order will be raised and the miners will resume work on the the terms of the strike commission award, which the operators were willing to have continued. The men will later try to improve conditions by arbitration. After adopting the committee's recommendations the convention adjourned till Tuesday.

The miners ask that all men who went out under Mitchell's suspension order be reinstated. The adjournment till Tuesday was taken to allow the scale committee time to present the action of the committee to the operators.

ANOTHER VICTORY.

American Bicycle Rider Wins in Great Race.

London, May 5.—(By Associated Press.)—Frank Cramer, of Vailsburg, N. J., American champion, won the intercollegiate professional mile bicycle race today, defeating Thorwald Ellegard, a Dane, and J. R. Benyon, English. Time two minutes and two and three-fifths seconds.

JUMPED FROM EIFFEL TOWER.

Former Resident of Cincinnati Kills Himself.

Paris, May 5.—(By Associated Press.)—The man who suicided yesterday by jumping from the Eiffel tower has been identified as August Braun, a naturalized American, formerly living in Cincinnati.

ITALIAN RIOTERS SHOT.

One Fatally Wounded, Thirty-two Under Arrest.

Passaic, N. J., May 5.—(By Associated Press.)—Four riotous Italian strikers were shot by the police today, one perhaps fatally, and thirty-two were arrested.

ALWAYS THIN THE GREEN SEAL PAINTS

With pure linseed oil for outside work. This paint is of heavy body and needs thinning. It thus becomes more economical for the consumer. For sale by the Hawk Hardware Co.

Floods the body with warm, glowing vitality, makes the nerves strong, quickens circulation, restores natural vigor, makes you feel like one born again. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. The Baltzly Company.

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Increases its value out of all proportion to the cost of the job. A coat or two of Green Seal Paint is an investment that always pays big dividends. For sale by the Hawk Hardware Co.

Moving pictures at Armory Sunday afternoon.

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Entered at Massillon postoffice as second-class matter.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

MONDAY, MAY 7, 1906

The per capita circulation of money in the United States has reached the unprecedented amount of $32.22. In other words, if you haven't $32.22 in your pocket at this moment, you had better investigate and find out where your share is.

The Republican state convention is to be held unusually late this year, an early date in August having been suggested. Thus if congress fails to adjourn until late in June or even in July, Ohio congressmen will be able to participate in the convention. The Democracy will by this means, too, be able to lead off with candidates and platform.

Even in his handling of the oil industry President Roosevelt has not thought it necessary to put on gloves. Commissioner Garfield's report contains little with which the public is not already familiar, but transmitted to congress with the President's recommendations it deals a heavy blow at the opponents of the railroad rate bill. The Standard Oil Company could not have reached its present standing without railroad rebates.

Two events of the utmost importance in Massillon church circles will occur within the next few weeks. The new United Brethren church on the west side is to be dedicated on May 13, with impressive ceremonies. On July 1, a date within a few days of the founding of the old church, the new Presbyterian church will be dedicated. Both edifices are the result of generosity, hard work and public spirit manifested by faithful members of the two congregations and other public spirited citizens.

THANKFUL PEOPLE.

They Are Found in Every Part of Massillon

Many citizens of Massillon have good reason to be thankful for burdens lifted from aching backs, which they bore patiently for years. Scores tell about their experience publicly. Here's a case of it:

Casper S. Drake, employed in Rolling Mill, and residing at 83 North street, says: "Early in the summer of 1900 I procured Doan's Kidney Pills at Baltzly's drug store, used them and told the people of Massillon through our newspapers that they relieved me of backache and other symptoms due to disordered kidneys. During the time which has elapsed I have appealed to them more than once on the slightest indication of backache or kidney trouble, and the appeals have never been in vain. Doan's Kidney Pills are a good reliable medicine and I can recommend them as ardently today as I did in 1900. I know others who have used them with good results."

For sale by all dealers Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

PAINT INSURANCE.

You may have fire, accident, tornado and burglar insurance. Why not insure your buildings against decay? Green Seal Liquid Paint will do it. For sale by the Hawk Hardware Co.

Notice!

To township trustees and physicians.

The board of infirmary directors will meet at their office in the court house on the 10th day of May, 1906, from 9 o'clock a. m. till 2 p. m., for the purpose of hiring physicians for the township of Stark county to serve one year and to furnish all medicines and surgical treatment for the indigent sick of each township. Bids must be sent to the secretary, Box 480, Canton, O., or be presented by the trustees of the township of which the bid is made. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Chas. E. Jarvis, secretary.

HANNAS' LUSTRO-FINISH

Beautiful and durable. Used on floors and other woodwork. "Made to walk on." The only way to properly finish a floor. See the finished samples at the Hawk Hardware Co.

Dyspepsia is America's curse. Burdock Blood Bitters conquers dyspepsia every time It drives out impurities, tones the stomach, restores perfect digestion, normal weight and good health.

WHAT IS WORTH PAINTING

is worth painting well. Then be consistent and use Green Seal Liquid Paint. For sale by the Hawk Hardware Co.

Itching, bleeding, protruding or blind piles yield to Doan's Ointment. Chronic cases soon relieved, finally cured. Druggists all sell it.

Positively the greatest moving pic-

HOSPITAL NOTES.

Contract for Laundry Machinery Awarded.

DRYING ROOM IN BASEMENT.

William Vogt & Son are to Do the Grading for New Sewer to Filtration Beds—George Mossholder is Planning the New Pig Pens.

The contract for the machinery for the laundry room at the Massillon state hospital was awarded to the American Laundry Machinery Company of Cincinnati, Thursday afternoon. The laundry will be left on the first floor as it now is. The basement will be fitted up as a drying room It was at first thought desirable to move the soap vats into the basement and used the first floor as a drying room, but later it was decided to do otherwise. By so doing all the extra expense of moving and changing the vats from the first floor to the cellar will be saved, The new machinery will be installed and put into operation as soon as it arrives as the drying room is needed badly.

Plans for the proposed route of the sewer to the filteration beds on the new farm are being completed and will be submitted to the board of trustees which will meet at the hospital on May 17. A contract was awarded to William Vogt and Son to do the grading of the hill through which the sewer will pass. Mr. Vogt will commence to grade on July 1, and the laying of the sewer will be pushed through rapidly.

George Mossholder is busy preparing plans for the new pig pens. There will be two pens, each 80 feet long and 32 feet wide. The carpenters at the hospital will commence work on the pens Monday morning. They will be built on the new farm near the canal. One of the pens will be used as a stock pen the other will be partitioned off for other pigs. The pens when completed will have room enough for about fifteen hundred hogs.

The state authorities have sent out word that officers of present state hospitals need not look for the transfer of any patients from the old hospitals to the proposed hospital at Lima for three or four years, perhaps longer. At present there is no appropriation for a building. The last general assembly passed a bill creating a bi-partisan commission of six members to build a state hospital for criminal insane at Lima, but failed to appropriate money for a building. The sum of $62,500 was allowed for a site. The question of money for the building must be cared for by the next general assembly.

Two years ago the general assembly created a commission to select a site and one of six hundred acres was chosen two miles north of Lima. The attorney general acts as agent for the state in making the purchase. The commission will gather information about an adequate building and will have plans and specifications prepared. No provision was made for its expenses, and unless the state emergency board comes to its rescue the members will be obliged to pay their own expenses. The appointments carry no salaries and any reimbursement must come from the next general assembly.

The proposed Lima hospital will accommodate six hundred patients when first opened. It will be used for the care and treatment of persons of the following classes: Persons who become insane while in the penitentiary and state reformatory; dangerous insane persons now in other state hospitals; persons accused of crime but not indicted because of insanity; persons indicted but found to be insane; persons acquitted because of insanity; persons to be adjudged insane who were previously convicted of insanity; such other insane persons as may be directed by law.

It is the belief of experts that insanity is on the increase in Ohio. The Lima hospital will be the first of its kind in the state and has been urged by superintendents of state institutions for a number of years. The first definite action in establishing the hospital was taken two years ago at a meeting of the superintendents of state hospitals, when a resolution was adopted asking the general assembly to consider the proposition of building a hospital especially for the criminal insane.

Dr. H. C. Eyman was a visitor at the Toledo insane hospital on Monday and on Tuesday went over to Cleveland and spent a day with friends.

An entertainment will be held in William McKinley hall on Wednesday evening.

The dance held Friday evening was attended by a number of Massillon peo

TARIFF IS THE ISSUE

Democrats Forcing It For Congressional Campaign.

WILLIAMS LEADS THE TALKING

Lieutenant General a Figurehead. Speaking of Sponges—Congress Turns Out to See the Schoolma'ams. Mixing Up the Courts.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, May 3.—[Special.]—From the beginning of the session of congress there have been outbursts in the house on the subject of the tariff. Democrats have attacked the Dingley bill and the high rates of duty, and Republicans have defended them. Some very good tariff debates have been the result, and the meaning of it is that the Democrats intend to fight the coming campaign on that issue. The senate has been mum on the tariff, but after the railroad rate bill is out of the way there may be something said by the senators. Possibly the attempt to get the Philippine tariff bill before the senate will bring out a tariff discussion, and should the free alcohol bill be reported from the finance committee it would no doubt result in some tariff talk. But from now until the close of the session there is sure to be more tariff talk in the house, where campaign material is being manufactured. A tariff debate, though nothing new is presented, is always interesting to the members.

Lieutenant General Stays.

The bill which passed the house abolishing the grade of lieutenant general of the army will not be reported from the senate committee on military affairs this session and, perhaps, it will die with the expiration of the congress, as many senators believe the rank should be perpetual instead of being reserved to honor men who have distinguished themselves in war. With a brigadier general as chief of staff and the secretary of war giving orders through him, the lieutenant general is not the head of the army. In fact, he is under orders from the military secretary, a major general and the chief of staff with still less rank, so it is only a fiction that the army is commanded by a lieutenant general.

Sponges a Florida Industry.

Senator Taliaferro of Florida has succeeded in having passed through the senate two bills in the interest of the sponge industry along the Florida coasts. He proposes to have the taking of sponges regulated by the government and to prevent the Cubans and other islanders from raiding the coasts where sponges grow. The bills no doubt will pass the house. A fish commission expert told the house committee that it was settled beyond question that sponges were animals.

Norfolk Sand.

While pointing out what the agricultural department has been doing, Representative Dawson of Iowa said: "I call attention to the fact that the Norfolk sand, which was formerly worth from $5 to $10 an acre, is now worth $100 to $200 per acre, and in some parts of the country soil especially adapted to the growing of grapes has increased in value twenty to thirty fold."

"What do they do with the Norfolk sand?" asked Representative Gilbert of Kentucky.

"By soil survey covering that particular sand," answered Dawson, "they discovered that it was particularly adapted to the growing of sweet potatoes, melons and small vegetables."

Schoolma'ams Were There.

It has been remarked that there never was such an attendance of members of the house on the day set apart for the consideration of District of Columbia business as on the day when a bill was up for the increase of the salaries of the schoolteachers of Washington. All the teachers that could get away from school duties were on hand and filled the galleries. Most of the members of congress had received communications from these teachers and they, too, were there. It was quite a tribute to the schoolma'ams and indicated that congressmen are susceptible to the pleas of femininity in Washington as elsewhere.

For Native Alaskans.

It has been found necessary to enact legislation which will allow the natives of Alaska to be allotted land where they can make their homes. The natives live along the sea coast and the streams, but have no title to their lands. If a white man sees some particular tract that he wants occupied by a native he files a homestead entry upon it, and the native is ousted. A house report in favor of a bill to give the natives title to their lands says:

"This has in some instances already worked severe hardship upon these friendly and inoffensive natives to the shame of our own race, due more to a lack of needed legislation than to a wanton disposition on the part of those who have thus dispossessed them."

Record Editors to Explain.

Although there is no editor of the Congressional Record, there are certain employees who are responsible for it, and when anything goes wrong they hear from it. A few days ago in printing "fill up" matter to make an even column the names of the judges of two courts were inserted, but unfortunately the court of claims was over the supreme court of the United States. Now the supreme court has been in a controversy with the diplomatic corps over precedence for several years, but it has always led the other courts. The

ONE WELL PAINTED HOUSE

In a neighborhood creates a demand for others; leads to general improvement in public taste and increases property value. A liberal use of Green Seal Liquid Paint is sound business policy. For sale by the Hawk Hardware Co.

Often The Kidneys Are Weakened by Over-Work.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

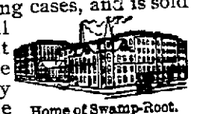
It used to be considered that only urinary and bladder troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all diseases have their beginning in the disorder of these most important organs.

The kidneys filter and purify the blood—that is their work.

Therefore, when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected and how every organ seems to fail to do its duty.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the great kidney remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases, and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also a pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Sheriff's Sale.

Case No. 17,481.

The State of Ohio, Stark County, ss.
Clarence W Stansbury vs Josiah M. Stansbury, et al. } Order of Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale in partition, issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction on the premises, on

Saturday, June 2nd, 1906,

the following described real estate, to-wit;

Being the west half of the northwest quarter of Section Thirty-Five (35), in Tuscarawas Township, Stark County, Ohio, containing eighty (80) acres, subject to the coal lease on said premises held by A. C. Stansbury et al, the benefits under said coal lease to pass to and belong to the purchaser from and after the confirmation of sale. Said premises to be sold free of widow's dower

Appraised at Five Thousand Two Hundred Dollars ($5,200.00).

TERMS:—One half cash upon confirmation of sale, one-half in one year, secured by mortgage with interest at 6 per cent per annum.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

R. FRANK WILSON, Sheriff.
JOHN C. MONG, Attorney

Try our "Want" columns.

BASE BALL GOODS

At 1-3 Off the Regular Price.

SEE EAST DISPLAY WINDOW.

BAHNEY'S, - - 20 E. Main St.

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS.

Articles lost and found, houses to let or desired, help wanted, situations wanted, real estate bulletins and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this head than by any other means. Copy must be in not later than 10 a. m. to insure insertion the same day.

Three publications of not more than four lines, 25 cents.

FOR RENT.

APARTMENT in Falke block in Park Row. Inquire at Falke's Millinery Store.

BARN—Modern barn, corner Cypress and Plum Sts. Inquire 248 E. Main St.

BUSINESS ROOMS—One room 40x22 feet; one front office room 13x15; one office 24x18, and one 20x19 on second floor; all with heat; in new Independent building. Inquire at Independent office.

FIVE roomed house on Water street. Inquire 101 W. Main street.

HOUSE of seven rooms with bath complete. Possession given at once. Inquire at Sonnhalter Bros. Grocery.

ROOMS—4 large rooms and bath, hot and cold water, right in town on Main St. See S. Burd.

WANTED

ANY person willing to distribute our samples; $20.00 weekly. "Empire" 4 Wells St., Chicago, Ill. Steady position; no canvassing.

COOK—Apply to Mrs. H. A. Croxton, 145 E. Main.

COOK—A pastry cook at Wefler's cafe.

GIRLS—Two girls at the American Steam Laundry.

GIRL for general housework. Apply to Mrs. E. C. Merwin, 254 E. Main street.

"DESTRUCTION OF SAN FRANCISCO".—Best Book. Large profits. Act quick. Sample Free. Globe Company, 723 Chestnut St., Phila.

KITCHEN GIRL at Sloate Restaurant; rear 19 East Main street.

MEN everywhere, good pay, pass circulars, tack signs; no canvassing, steady. Continental Distributing Service, Chicago.

MIDDLE-AGED woman to assist in care of old lady. Good wages. Home in the country. Address "Invalid," care of Independent.

SALESMEN—To sell our line of stock remedies direct to farmers. Quick sellers, well advertised. $50 salary allowed per month, also liberal commisssion. Salesmen can make $100 to $200 per month. Good opportunity for right man. Bond required. Prussian Remedy Co., St. Paul, Minn.

SEWING Wanted. Mrs. W. H. Hamill, 18 Edna St.

MISCELLANEOUS.

VAULTS and cespools cleaned, new one constructed and repaired. Chas. Swarms, 36 Warwick street. Farmers phone 426 or leave orders at Fetzer's Blacksmith shop.

FOR SALE.

CAMERA—One Premo No. 3 dry plate camera 4x5 inches and complete developing outfit, good as new, will sell cheap. Inquire at Hollinger and Hansen's store, E. Main street.

CHICKENS—White Plymouth Rocks (Fishel strain direct.) Eggs $1.50 per 15. Some choice cockerels cheap. 65 Duncan street.

GAS STOVES. Inquire at Independent Co.

HOUSE—Comparatively new 7 room house and good barn 16x28, gas, city and cistern water also bath room with hot and cold soft water, lot 50x157, last house on north side of Forest Ave., excellently located, 100 yards from street car line, $2400 if sold within 30 days, this is a bargain. Inquire of Chas. G. King, 29 S. Erie.

I MAKE abstracts or title, write deeds and mortgages, at the law office of R. A. Finn, attorney at law, over 26 East Main street, Massillon, O. Justin R. White, Notary Public.

MULES—Good span of mules. West Side Livery. Wm. Bantz, Prop.

SEVEN room house, gas, city and cistern water, near Oak Knoll school, corner lot, $1450.

5 room house, gas, city and cistern water, 170 Richville avenue, $1400.

8 room house, first story brick, second story cedar shingles, with every modern convenience, No. 23 Front street, near Main street, $4600.

6 room house, furnace and cemented cellar, 21 Pearl street, $1950.

9 room house and good barn, No. 16 Webber street, $1850.

8 room house, piped for bath and furnace, No. 48 Cecil street, $2000.

8 room house, all modern conveniences, No. 41 Akron street, $4200.

Inquire Chas. G. King, 29 South Erie street,

STOCK and fixtures at 36 West Main, The York, also the agents of Moore & Quinn Famous Ale that has been sold a. this place for two years, also 3 gas stoves T. B. Hayes.

STORE ROOM with 4 living rooms suitable for general store or meat market. Also a number of desirable building lots at from $100 to $150 each. Inquire of John Kiefer, corner of North Mill and Short East Sts.

TICKETS—Ocean Steamship Tickets—NORTH GERMAN LLOYD HAMBURG AMERICAN, CUNARD, FABRE, AUSTRO-AMERICAN, ITALIAN LLOYD & PRINCE LINES. Money forwarded anywhere. Warren E. Russell, 2 East Tremont street.

For Sale or Rent.

HOUSE—New 4 room house, gas and city water, $25 cash balance easy monthly payments or will rent for $7 a month. The Massillon Realty Co., over Merchants Bank.

HOUSE—4 roomed house on Superior street, rents for $8.00 a month or will sell at $1,000—$25 down and $10 per month. See S. Burd.

SALE OR EXCHANGE

CAMERA—A Blair camera, will take picture 4x5, will exchange for a small amount of cash, at C. C. Miller's new jewelry store.

SIX roomed house with out kitchen, store room on rear of lot. Located at 157 Duncan street, corner of Walnut, $2800. Inquire of Peter Gannon on the premises, or of Chas. G. King.

FOR 6c a week we will deliver the Evening Independent to your door. Order now.

PROPERTY—110x218 feet on W. Tuscarawas St., Canton, O., near Valley depot; ground has one dwelling and one store room with living rooms over the same. Will sell or exchange on small farm as part pay. See S. Burd, over 7 East Main St.

A Lucky Purchase

That's what we claim and so will you if you visit our store within the next thirty days. From under the hammer we purchased

$20,000

Worth of High-Grade Watches, Jewelery and Silverware .. .. ..

At less than manufacturers' cost, and our aim is to give the Massillon public a chance to see how cheap they can buy watches and jewelry during this sale.

We Wish to Call Special Attention

To a lot of Ladies' and Gents' Rings, 1136 Rings are included in this lot and will be sold for less than half their regular value. In order to make this sale still more interesting, we will include a number of High-Grade Pianos at prices that are STARTLING.

You have a chance to make your own terms of payments.

Let Nothing Keep YOU Away

From this sale. It's a straight bonified sale and a chance of a life time

LOOK FOR THE "BLUE FRONT"

Opera Block **19 South Erie St.** Opera Block

MILLER COMPANY

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

ENRICHED BY CRIME

President Accuses Standard Oil of Benefiting by Illegal Devices.

SUBMITS GARFIELD'S REPORT

Document Recites Many Instances of Unlawful Discrimination By Railroads in Favor of Oil Monopoly. Competition Crushed Out.

Washington, May 5.—President Roosevelt has transmitted to congress the report of James R. Garfield, commissioner of corporations, giving the results of his investigation of the subject of transportation and freight rates in connection with the oil industry.

In his message the president expresses the view that the report is of capital importance because of the effort now being made to secure such enlargement of the powers of the Interstate Commerce commission as will confer upon the commission power in some measure adequate to meet the clearly demonstrated needs of the situation. The facts set forth in the report, he declares, are for the most part not disputed. That the Standard Oil company has benefitted enormously up almost to the present moment by secret rates, many of which were clearly unlawful, the president says the report clearly shows, the benefit thereby secured amounting to at least three-quarters of a million a year. On this subject he says:

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.
THE ACCUSER.

"This three-quarters of a million represents the profit that the Standard Oil company obtains at the expense of the railroads; but, of course, the ultimate result is that it obtains a much larger profit at the expense of the public. A very striking result of the investigation has been that shortly after the discovery of these secret rates by the commissioner of corporations the major portion of them were promptly corrected by the railroads, so that most of them have now been done away with. This immediate correction, partial or complete, of the evil of the secret rates is, of course, on the one hand an acknowledgment that they were wrong and yet were persevered in until exposed; and, on the other hand, a proof of the efficiency of the work that has been done by the bureau of corporations."

Offenders To Be Prosecuted.

The statement is added that the department of justice will take up the question of instituting prosecutions in at least certain of the cases, and the hope is expressed that congress will enact into law the bill of Senator Knox to correct the interpretation of the immunity provision rendered in Judge Humphrey's decision.

Continuing, the president says.

"But in addition to these secret rates, the Standard Oil profits immensely by open rates, which are so arranged as to give it an overwhelming advantage over its independent competitors. This is a characteristic example of the numerous evils which are inevitable under a system in which the big shipper and the railroad are left free to crush out all individual initiative and all power of independent action because of the absence of adequate and thorough-going governmental control. Exactly similar conditions obtain in a large part of the west and southwest."

It is not possible, he says, to put into figures the exact amount by which the Standard profits through the gross favoritism shown it by the railroads in connection with the open rates. "The profit, of course, comes not merely by the saving in the rate itself as compared with its competitors, but by the higher prices it is able to charge and by the complete control of the market which it secures, thereby getting the profit on the whole consumption."

Another Trick Pointed Out.

The president calls attention to that feature of the report regarding the manner in which the law is evaded by treating as state commerce what in reality is merely a part of interstate commerce. He says it is clearly shown "that this device is employed on the New York Central railroad, as well as on many other railroads, in such fashion as to amount to thwarting the purpose of the law, although the forms of the law may be complied with."

It is unfortunately not true, he says, that the Standard Oil company is the only corporation which has benefited and is benefiting in wholly improper fashion by an elaborate series of rate discriminations. The sugar trust, he adds, according to the results of the investigation now in progress, rarely if ever pays the lawful rate for transportation. He declares that in the effort to prevent the railroads from uniting for improper purposes "we have very unwisely prohibited them from uniting for proper purposes; that is, for purposes of protecting themselves and the general public as against the power of the great corporations."

He favors, as an element of competition, putting alcohol used in the arts on the free list and of keeping the fee to oil and coal lands of the Indian tribes on the public domain in the government, the lands to be leased only on such terms and for such purposes as will enable the government to entirely control them.

STANDARD STRIKES BACK

Rogers and Archbold Respond By Ridicule and Evasion.

New York, May 5.—In reply to President Roosevelt's message and the report of Commissioner Garfield, Messrs. H. H. Rogers and John D. Archbold of the Standard Oil company, said that their examination of the message and report had necessarily been a hurried one, and that they should at a later date make a full answer to their shareholders. Meanwhile they made a statement to the Associated Press, which is in part as follows:

In the president's effort to secure the passage of a bill enlarging the powers of the Interstate Commerce commission and just and equitable railway rates we have precisely the same interest that any good citizen has. No more and no less. Regarding his criticisms upon the management of the railways, or his strictures upon any acts of the Interstate Commerce commission we have neither responsibility nor concern. When, however, he or Commissioner Garfield attacks the Standard Oil company and uses its methods of doing business as an object lesson for the purpose of promoting his views, we protest. It may be frankly stated at the outset that the Standard Oil company has at all times, within the limits of fairness and with due regard for the law, sought to secure the most advantageous freight rates and routes possible. There will be no denial of this fact on our part. The question is whether we have at any point violated the law or the proprieties.

Too Much Free Advice.

One does not care to bandy words with the president of the United States. It is not easy to differentiate between Mr. Roosevelt the president, and Mr. Roosevelt the individual. He has given of his advice most generously upon every subject, from the size of our families to the mistakes of the federal judges, and some error is inevitable now and then to the most conservative man under such circumstances.

We say flatly that any assertion that the Standard Oil company has been or is now knowingly engaged in practices which are unlawful is alike untruthful and unjust.

Commissioner Garfield takes up the question of favoritism, which he alleges has been shown by various railroad corporations to the Standard. The first specific case of alleged discrimination to which he directs attention is in the New England territory. It is charged that we enjoy a monopoly in certain parts of that section because some of the railroads there refuse to pro-rate.

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER.
THE ACCUSED.

The man who could be deceived by such a statement must be pretty dense. First, if the New England roads ought to pro-rate, but refuse to do so, it must occur to someone, somewhere, that perhaps the New England roads and not the Standard Oil company are blameable. Second, a very casual inquiry would show that the New England roads are simply doing what they are forced to do by natural conditions, and that Mr. Garfield's attack, to be effective, should be directed at Long Island Sound as a means of freight communication.

Blame it on the Railroads.

Mr. Garfield claims that the refusal to pro-rate on the part of the New England railroads has given the Standard Oil company practical control of New England territory and enabled it to maintain exorbitant prices for kerosene. Yet, while it is admitted that the New Haven road has recently begun to pro-rate, this alleged condition of control has not changed in any way, nor have the prices of kerosene been affected. The New England roads believe they can make more money by a refusal to pro-rate, and if in doing so they are violating the proprieties, clearly they and not the Standard Oil company should be made the object of attack.

He says the Standard Oil company has habitually received from the railroads and is now receiving "secret" rates and other unjust and illegal discriminations. It is hardly fair or manly for him to add the sentence: "Of course, there may be other secret rates which the bureau has not discovered."

In dealing with the discriminations which are alleged to be violations of the interstate commerce law, the plain answer is that if Mr. Garfield's statement is correct it was the duty of the Interstate Commerce commission to have taken action and brought not alone the Standard, but the railway companies involved, to book, and this they have never done. Violations of the law in this respect do not fall within the jurisdiction of the bureau of corporations and any statement on the part of Mr. Garfield respecting this subject is gratuitous and valueless.

No Control Over State Rates.

Again, he has no control whatever over state rates, which by the law, are put under the jurisdiction of the state authorities and over which the bureau of commerce nor the interstate commerce commission have any control. But, all of this aside, there have been no secret rates nor unlawful discrimination in the interest of the Standard Oil company.

The president's message complains of "The way in which the law is evaded by treating as state commerce what is in reality merely a part of interstate commerce, although the forms of law may be complied with." Yet this very method of making a through rate by a combination of two separate state rates has been held to be by the interstate commerce commission as lawful and proper.

The statement that the "Standard Oil company has largely by unfair and unlawful methods crushed out home competition," is fully answered by the fact that home competition has always existed, is steadily growing, and that there are now at least 125 competitive refineries in the United States.

As to the claim that changes in rates have been made since the commissioner's efficient work began, all the Standard Oil company has to say is that all such changes have been made without its suggestion.

Work of a Muck Raker.

The grief which the president expresses in his message over the inability of the railroads to combine and protect themselves from the shippers will probably arouse amusement.

The president says respecting this investigation that the facts are not in dispute, only the inferences are in dispute. The Standard Oil company furnished the facts and a man with a muck rake dug out such as under manipulation he felt would prove damaging.

The Standard Oil company has been investigated over and over again at the instigation of its rivals, and it always welcomes such investigation when conducted in good faith and fairly. We are engaged in a large and honorable business. We are conducting it honorably, and, we sincerely believe, in conformity to law.

AGREEMENT REACHED

President Informs Newspaper Men of Decision on Rate Bill.

Washington, May 5.—Thirty-six members of the corps of Washington corrrespondents, representing the leading daily newspapers and press associations in the United States, met President Roosevelt, by invitation, in the cabinet rooms of the executive offices last evening to discuss with him the status of railroad rate legislation and to learn the president's views as to certain pending amendments to the Hepburn bill.

The meeting lasted more than an hour. While the president made it clear, at the outset, that he desired not to be quoted directly as to the views he might express, he said that he was perfectly willing that his views should be known and be stated in the language of the members of the press who were present.

The discussion dealt chiefly with the various propositions for a court review, from the broad amendment proposed by Senator Bailey of Texas to the restricted amendment offered by Senator Long of Kansas. The president, in beginning, indicated clearly and positively that he would be satisfied with the enactment of the Hepburn bill as it was reported to the senate from the committee on interstate commerce. He pointed out, however, that some advocates of railroad rate legislation—as sincere friends of the legislation as he himself was—believed it would be wise so to amend the measure and to provide specifically for a review of the decisions of the Interstate Commerce commission by the courts.

SUGAR MEN INDICTED

Are Accused By Grand Jury of Illegal Rebating.

New York, May 5.—The April federal grand jury has handed down seven sealed indictments in the sugar rebating cases. The indictments are against the following: New York Central railway, American Sugar Refining company, New York Central and Hudson River Railroad company and Nathan Gilford, vice president of the company, American Sugar Refining company of New York and C. Goodlee, Edgar and Edwin Earle, the latter two being wholesale sugar dealers of Detroit; New York Central and Hudson River Railroad company and Nathan Gilford, vice president, and F. J. Pomeroy, general traffic manager; American Sugar Refining company and the American Refining company, of New York, and C. Goodlee, Edgar and Edwin Earle, Nathan Gulford, Nathan Pomeroy and Edwin Earle.

The first six indictments were found under the Elkins anti-trust law, which provides a fine not exceeding $10,000 or imprisonment not exceeding two years, for giving, granting, applying for or accepting any rebate or concession from the regular freight rates as published by a railroad company.

IN MITCHELL'S HAND

Question of Strike or No Strike Is Placed by Miners' Convention.

SUBMITTED TO THE LEADERS

Final Decision, It Is Expected, Will Be Reached Shortly—Radical Element Still Favors Strike, But Conservative Sentiment Has Developed.

Scranton, Pa., May 5.—The mine workers' convention will declare itself finally and definitly today. That is the only thing that can be said with any certainty. The entire situation is now up to John Mitchell Theoretically it is up to the general scale committee, but in reality it is up to Mr. Mitchell, for he is the guiding spirit of that body.

The convention has decided to refer the entire question to the general scale committee of 36, with instructions to report recommendations to the convention today. The motion for this reference is believed to have been inspired by President Mitchell, who is believed to favor the preparation of the resolution which will decide the questions at issue by a deliberate body in a dispassionate manner.

The reference brought into the situation for the first time since the delegates began to arrive in the city a possible suggestion of peace, though it is generally believed that the majority of the delegates still favor the declaration of a strike. The more radical members have used their ammunition and whatever decision is arrived at will be carefully considered.

The general scale committee went into session immediately following the adjournment of the convention. It remained in session until after 5 o'clock, when President Mitchell announced that the entire matter had been referred by the general committee to the sub-committee and Secretary-Treasurer W. B. Wilson. The sub-committee held an extended session last night.

Secretary-Treasurer Wilson made an extended speech at the opening of the afternoon session. No official statement concerning the nature of his remarks was made public and there are conflicting reports concerning it afloat. One report is that his speech was purely non-committal from beginning to end, the gist of it was a mere call to the delegates to "stand by the union." This seems to be the report most credited. Another report has it that he practically advised against a strike, stating that if one does come it is bound to last nine months at least and that by that time the organization treasury would be empty.

Certain it is that Mr. Wilson's visit to this city is to give the leaders of the organization some definite information concerning its financial condition and to put them in close touch with the situation in the bituminous field, where he has been in charge for the past few weeks. He made the statement that in his opinion, if a strike of the anthracite miners is called, a majority of the bituminous operators will sign the union scale.

WAR DECLARED

CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA SOFT COAL OPERATORS RESOLVE TO FIGHT.

Philadelphia, May 5.—Representatives of ten of the principal coal and coke companies in the Central Pennsylvania bituminous fields, whose employes have quit work pending a settlement of the differences existing between them and the officers of the Erie and Western Coal company, met here and mapped out a plan of campaign against the claims of the mine workers. At the conclusion of the meeting the following statement was made:

"We will fight it out at whatever cost. There will be no settlement and we will not recede from our position. We will insist upon the open shop and the abolition of the check-off system."

The operators are making preparations to open their mines next week. George E. Scott, secretary of the meeting, who is connected with the Puritan Coal company, declared that his companies, as well as other mines, would be opened upon the open shop basis and without the check-off system, the two principal demands the miners' union is fighting for.

The operators claim that last year, under the check-off system, they collected from the men $51.078, which they turned over to the union for the payment of check-off men on the tipples. This money, they maintain, does not all go to the check-off men, but much of it is retained for the purpose of fighting the companies in strikes times. The companies will participated are: The Pennsylvania Coal Coke company, Rochester and Pittsburg Coal and Iron company Morrisdale Coal company; Peale, Peacock and Kerr Coal company, Afterling Coal company; Beech Creek Coal and Coke company; Puritan Coal company, Irish Brothers, Puritan Coal company, Crescent Coal company and Erie and Western Coal company.

SUB-COMMITTEE NAMED

To Assist Congressional Committee in Canvass Next Fall.

French Lick Springs, Ind., May 5.—Thomas Taggart, chairman of tthe National Democratic committee, last night made the following announcement:

"At a conference held in Washington some weeks ago between the national chairman, Chairman Griggs of the congressional committee, Senator Bailey of Texas and other prominent Democrats, the advisability of appointing a sub-committee of the national committee to co-operate with the congressional committee was fully discussed and it was deemed advisable by all that sub-committee from the national committee would be very beneficial in assisting tthe congressional committee in the coming campaign, and, as the result of this conference, the following sub-committee has been selected: J M Guffey, Pennsylvania; N. M. Johnson, Texas, J. Taylor Ellison, Virginia; Urey Woodson, Kentucky; Heger Sullivan, Illinois; Timothy G. Ryan, Wisconsin; John J. McGraw, West Virginia."

Chairman Taggart of the national committee will also be a member of the sub-committee. Headquarters will be opened in Washington and a meeting of the sub-committee and the congressional committee will be held at an early date.

DO NOT NEED CHARITY

THE SAN FRANCISCO CLEARING HOUSE DECLARES INDEPENDENCE.

San Francisco, May 5.—Sub-committees of the general municipal committee are decreasing daily and the citizens' committee will doubtless soon pass out of existence, the direction of affairs of San Francisco being restored to the regular civil officers. Many subordinate bodies have reported their labors completed and have been relieved from further duty.

The San Francisco clearing house has adopted a report from its executive committee. A portion of the report reads:

"The committee feels that the business interests, as such, do not need charity to aid them in rebuilding the city. With $150,000 or more to be received from the insurance companies, the banks in a strong, solvent condition, bountiful harvests promised in the state, and general underlying business sound, any further financial help should be looked for only on strictly business principles. In other words, since the insurance indemnity will largely replace the destroyed buildings, as well as stocks of merchandise, and our banks are able to meet general commercial requirements, individuals or institutions who may come to find it necessary, or expedient, to apply to outside sources for loans, should do so, as occasion may arise, on the usual basis of a good security. We cannot rebuild in a day. We shall shortly have more money than can be immediately used; so it seems premature to assume that our resources will prove inadequate, and especially that the occasion demands the introduction of untried methods of finance which would be found to be illegal or otherwise impracticable."

DUN'S REVIEW OF TRADE

Summary of Business Conditions Throughout the Country.

New York, May 4.—Dun's Weekly Review of Trade says today: The violent decline in prices of securities is no criterion of business conditions. Railway earnings have continued to surpass those of the corresponding period in any previous year, the gain for April being 9.3 per cent. over the same month of 1905, and other standards of measure were unusually gratifying exhibits. Liabilities of failures last month showed a decrease of over 40 per cent. in manufacturing and 12 per cent. in trading branches of business, as compared with the previous year.

The only drawbacks are the labor controversies and the stringency in the money market, neither of which may prove of more than temporary duration. Manufacturing plants report little idle machinery, and trade in seasonable merchandise feels the impetus of settled weather. Foreign commerce for the last week shows gains of $14,909,972 in exports and $2,943,729 in imports as compared with the same week last year.

Of greatest importance to the iron and steel industry of all events of the past week was the strike of longshoremen on the lake water front. If this struggle is not promptly settled it will soon become impossible to maintain pig iron production at the highest point on record. Otherwise the strikes on May 1 were not of sufficient magnitude to affect the progress of the steel business.

COW AND CALF KILL FIREMAN AND ENGINEER

Shreveport, La., May 5.—A cow and a calf threw most of a northbound Texas Pacific passenger train off the track at Sodus. The locomotive and all the coaches except the chair car and a sleeping car were thrown down an embankment. The engineer and the fireman were killed, two passengers were severely injured and several were hurt.

Secretary Bonaparte Better.

Baltimore, May 5.—Secretary of the Navy Charles J. Bonaparte, who has been ill at his home, is much improved.

TEN SLAIN IN SMASH

Disastrous Collision Near Hollidays Between Passenger Trains.

WERE RUNNING AROUND WRECK

Nos. 21 and 18 in Collision at Springfield Junction at 11 O'Clock at Night — Main Line Blocked at Union Furnace By Freight Wreck.

Altoona, Pa., May 5.—Train No. 21, the Chicago and St. Louis express on the Pennsylvania railroad, due in Pittsburg at 2.10 o'clock this morning, and train No. 18, the Chicago Mail, which left Pittsburg at 4:50 o'clock yesterday afternoon, while running around a wreck at Union Furnace, over the Petersburg cutoff, met head-on at 11 o'clock last night on the single track at Springfield Junction. Three passengers are reported to have been killed and 23 others injured. Particulars of the accident have not yet been received here.

The passenger train was running on the cutoff because earlier in the night two freight trains met head-on near Union Furnace, 22 miles east of Altoona, on the main line, and 37 loaded cars were piled up in a mass. The train crew escaped by jumping. It is said two tramps were on the train and it is believed they were caught and are buried under the debris. For the first time since the 18-hour "flyer" was placed on the schedule it was necessary to run it west over the Petersburg cutoff. All four tracks are blocked, and it will be hours before traffic can be resumed.

A later dispatch from Harrisburg says it is reported 19 persons are killed and many injured. Eight physicians from Huntingdon have been sent to the scene of the wreck.

Turkey Receives Ultimatum.

London, May 5.—The presentation of what is tantamount to an ultimatum to Turkey and the preparing of the British fleet for a demonstration is expected to produce a speedy yielding on the part of the sultan and the settlement by Turkey and the withdrawal of the small Turkish garrison pending in the limitation of the rival frontier claim in the Sinai peninsula.

Prominent Man Drops Dead

Warren, O., May 5.—Chris Holscher, secretary and general manager of the Holscher Electrical Manufacturing company, who held many patents on electric lamps machinery and processes, dropped dead in Lynn's blacksmith shop last evening, where he had sought shelter from a storm.

BASEBALL RESULTS.

Club	W	L	Pct	Club	W	L	Pct
New York	15	4	790	St. Louis	8	9	470
Chicago	13	6	685	Boston	8	11	.421
Pittsburg	10	7	587	Cincinnati	7	16	303
Phila	10	9	527	Brooklyn	5	14	263

Friday—New York 10, Boston 1; Chicago 7, Pittsburg 2; Brooklyn 5, Philadelphia 4; St. Louis 6, Cincinnati 3.

American League Standing.

Club	W	L	Pct	Club	W	L	Pct
Washington	10	7	587	New York	8	8	.500
Cleveland	8	6	571	Chicago	7	8	467
Phila	9	7	.563	St. Louis	7	10	412
Detroit	9	7	563	Boston	6	11	352

Friday—Detroit 2, St. Louis 1; New York 6, Philadelphia 2; Washington 4, Boston 2.

Sure Thing.

Teacher—A miracle is going against the natural order of things. Are miracles performed today? Bright Boy—Yes'm. Teacher—Name one. Bright Boy—Well, mamma says that papa is always turning night into day.—Life.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, May 4.—Profit-taking by local bulls caused an easy close in the wheat market today. Final quotations on the July delivery being off ¼. Corn was down ⅛@¼. Oats were practically unchanged. Closing quotations: Wheat, July, 78¾@78⅞; corn, July, 45½@45⅝; oats, July, 30¾.

PITTSBURG MARKETS—MAY 4.

Corn—New yellow shelled, 56@56½; new high mixed, 60@61; new yellow ear, 62@62½.

Oats—No. 3 white, 37½@38; No. 3, 37@37¼.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $15@15.25; No. 1 clover, $10.75@11.25; No. 1 mixed, $11.75@12.25.

Eggs—Selected, 17@18.

Butter—Prints, 24@24½; tubs, 23½@24; dairy, 15@16.

Cheese—New York full cream, new 12@12½; Ohio full cream, 12@12½;

Cattle—Prime to fancy, fat, smooth steers, $5.50@5.75; green, coarse and rough, fat steers, $4@4.75; fat, smooth, dry fed, light steers, $4.50@4.90; choice milch cows, $40@50; good, fat smooth handy butchers' bulls, $4@4.25; feeding steers, good style, weight and extra quality, $3.75@4.50; feed steers, common to good quality, $3@3.50; fair to choice stockers, $2.85@3.40.

Calves—Veals, good to choice, $6@6.50; veals, fair to good, $5@5.75; heavy and thin calves, $3@4.50.

Hogs—Good to prime heavy, $6.75; choice medium weights, $6.75@6.80; best heavy yorkers, $6.80; good light yorkers, $6.80; pigs, good to prime, $6.70@6.80.

Sheep and Lambs—Prime wet sheep, $5.35@5.50; good to choice $5.10@5.30; fair to good mixed, $5; culls and common, $3.50@4.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

The Rev. E. J. Craft has returned from a week's visit in Chicago.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Annen, of West Tremont street, a daughter.

Howard Campbell has resigned his position in Wefler's cafe and will spend the summer at the home of his mother in Ashland

The Eastern Star social club held a business meeting Friday afternoon in the Masonic temple, followed by a supper at Richeimer's restaurant.

The annual convention of the Ohio State Bankers' association will be held at the Hotel Victory, at Put-in-Bay, August 22 and 23 This was decided upon at a meeting of the executive committee in Columbus, Friday.

A. Stemflay, for the past year local agent of the Pacific Express Company, has been transferred to Steubenville. F. L. Stark, a former messenger on the Wheeling & Lake Erie, will succeed Mr. Stemflay.

The boys of the vested choir of St. Timothy's church were entertained by the church members with a surprise party in the parish house after rehearsal on Friday evening. Light refreshments were served.

Mrs. Charles Frey entertained eighteen little friends Saturday afternoon at her home in Cedar street from 2 to 6 o'clock in honor of the eighth birthday anniversary of her daughter, May Games were played and lunch was served.

At the commencement exercises of the Sugarcreek township high school, at Justus, Wednesday evening, the Buckeye quartette, of Massillon, furnished the music, and Superintendent McClintock, in a letter to The Independent highly compliments the members.

The Christian Endeavor societies of Ohio will hold their annual convention at Tiffin on June 26, 27, 28. Many noted speakers in the ranks of the society from all over the country will be in attendance. Tiffin people are making great preparation to entertain the crowd.

The body of the late Mrs. Mary Cecelia Warthorst will arrive in the city Monday morning from Texas, and will lie in state at the home of the deceased's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Willenborg, 43 South Cedar street, from 2 to 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The funeral will be private.

Mrs. Orrin H. List entertained the San Toy euchre club Friday afternoon at her residence in North East street. Four tables were occupied. The prize winners were Miss Edith Reay, Mrs. Thomas E. Drake and Miss Adele Brown. The out of town guests were Mrs. Adam Dysle and Mrs. Josph Deweese, of Canton.

The May crop report for Ohio shows a gain of two points in the wheat condition over the April figure, and it now stands at 103 per cent. Though the acreage is unusually low, if this high average is maintained until harvest, the total production of the state may approach the average after all. Barley condition is 90 per cent, rye 96 per cent, and clover seed acreage 91.

The Dielhenn Manufacturing Company has been given a building permit by Auditor Douglass to erect a three story veneered brick addition to the present skirt factory in Factory street. The construction is to be done this summer. The addition will be located on the south side of the present building at the corner of Factory and Charles street. Increasing business makes a larger factory necessary.

The pupils of the sophomore class of the high school and the high school teachers surprised Miss Grace Pocock at her home in Richville avenue Friday evening, the occasion being her birthday anniversary. Thirty guests were present. The classmates gave Miss Pocock a handsome hat pin and the teachers a sterling silver spoon. The amusements consisted of music, games and charades. An elaborate lunch was served.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Spencer arrived in the city from Andrews, Ind., Saturday, and at present are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Seabrook, in Park street. Mr. and Mrs. Spencer were married at Andrews, Thursday. They will go to housekeeping in Park street and will be at home to their friends after June 1. Mr. Spencer is an engineer on the Wheeling & Lake Erie. He had kept his intended marriage a secret from his fellow employes and they are now planning to give Mr. and Mrs. Spencer a reception.

Two stray dogs were shot by patrolmen Saturday morning, upon complaint of persons in different parts of the city. Five requests to the officers were received during the morning that dogs be killed. Complaints have been received by the score during the past few days that dogs were destroying lawns and flower beds. The patrolmen have standing orders to kill all stray dogs. Mayor Frantz said Saturday that owners of dogs should take care of them or the lives of many more would be sacrificed during the coming week.

Doan's Regulets cure constipation without griping, nausea, or any weakening effect. Ask your druggist for them. 25 cents per box.

MRS. WARTHORST DIED IN TEXAS

The Wife of the Late Charles Warthorst.

THE BODY TO BE BROUGHT HERE.

Death Occurred on Thursday Morning at San Antonio—The Deceased Went to Texas Last January—Other Deaths.

Mrs. Mary Cecelia Warthorst, aged 45 years, wife of the late Charles Warthorst, and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Willenborg, of 45 South Cedar street, died at San Antonio, Tex., Thursday morning after a lingering illness. Mrs. Warthorst went to Texas in January in the hope of being benefited by the climate. She was accompanied by her daughter, Miss Anna Louise Warthorst. The deceased is survived by her parents, one brother, Leo Willenborg, and two sisters, Mrs. Charles G King, of Massillon, and Mrs. Frank Fries, of Buffalo. The body will be brought to Massillon for interment. It will reach this city some time next Sunday. The funeral arrangements have not been made.

MICHAEL EISWIRTH.

Michael Eiswirth, aged 69 years, died at his home in West Main street at 5:30 o'clock Wednesday evening. Death was due to a complication of diseases. The funeral will take place from the residence, 267 West Main street, at 1:30 o'clock Friday afternoon, the Rev. J. E. Digel officiating. Interment will be made in the Massillon cemetery. The deceased is survived by his wife and one son, Frederick Eiswirth, of New York. Mr. Eiswirth was born in Germany and came to Massillon about thirty-five years ago.

A BAD BLUNDER.

It Has Nullified a Good Mining Law.

Columbus, May 5.—By a blunder made in preparing the bill to prevent the employment of inexperienced miners in rooms by themselves, which blunder was discovered in the secretary of state's office Friday that law has been made a nullity in the opinion of State Mine Inspector Harrison. In the Senate Mr. Pollock, of Stark county, opposed it, and insisted that it be amended so as to make the law apply only to mines in which dangerous gases were produced. As it was put on the statute books it is made "not to apply" to such mines. It therefore does not apply to the very mines it was intended to apply to. Mr. Harrison says all mines generate these gases to some degree.

A GOOD PERCENTAGE.

Municipal Bonds Sold at a High Premium.

Auditor Douglass has figured out the net premium received in the recent sale of municipl bonds, which shows that Massillon's bonds bring as high prices as any in the market. The $10,500 four and one-half per cent bonds, with a five and one half year's average, purchased by the Atlas National bank, of Cincinnati, for a premium of $315, were sold on the basis of 3 89 per cent.

The $10,000 four and one-half per cent bonds, with a seven and one-half year's average, purchased by Emery & Anderson, of Cleveland, for a premium of $455, were sold on the basis of 3.80 per cent.

A comparison of these percentage figures with the bond sales of other cities shows that Massillon receives as high a price for its bonds as any other city selling the same amounts for the same length of time.

THE BUNNIES WON.

Defeated High School Ball Team 16 to 4.

The East Greenville Bunnies won from the high school Friday afternoon by the score of 16 to 4. The high schools' defeat was caused by inability to bunch hits and in numerous errors starting in the second inning. Hammersmith, Grinnell and Dumble hit hard. Evans, the Greenville pitcher, though diminutive in size, developed lots of speed. Oliver and William Grinnell pitched for the high school.

Dr. Pierce, president of Kenyon college, talked to the students for a half hour Friday afternoon, and the address was much enjoyed by the students.

Janitor Pitts has been supplied with a new kind of broom or brush for sweeping. It has a reservoir for oil, which is slowly let down and keeps the dust from raising.

PEOPLE OF THE DAY

Patterson of Colorado.

Senator Thomas M. Patterson of Colorado, who recently caused a sensation by defying his Democratic colleagues, is a native of Ireland and was elected to the United States senate by the joint votes of Democrats, Silver Republicans and Populists, taking his seat in 1901.

The proposition at issue between Senator Patterson and his party colleagues was the recent action of the Democratic caucus in declaring that all senators of that party must vote against the ratification of the Santo Domingo treaty. Senator Patterson withdrew from the caucus, defied its authority and offered resolutions de-

SENATOR THOMAS M. PATTERSON.

claring the caucus coercive and arbitrary and its decision in contravention of the constitution and in violation of a senator's oath.

Being taken to task for this defection by Senator Bailey, Mr. Patterson said:

"I have no regrets for the course I have pursued and shall continue to pursue it. It is true I may not be admitted to the councils of my party in the senate; but, realizing that I am excluded because I am striving to perform my duty as I have sworn to execute it, I will bear the exclusion in perfect equanimity."

A Bouquet For Payne.

Champ Clark, though a Democrat, is pretty fond of the Republicans who rule the house of representatives, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. Whenever it is as easy for him to heave a bouquet as a brickbat in the direction of Payne, Dalzell or Grosvenor he does it. Payne received a nosegay about his speech on the Philippine tariff bill. Said Clark:

"I say in perfect soberness that so far as information is concerned in favor of the bill it is almost impossible to improve it. In thinking of his speech I am reminded of the incident wherein a man offered a prize to two negroes, each one to name the three best things on earth to eat. They went into the contest, and the first one named 'watermelons, possum and sweet potatoes.' The other one said, 'Gosh, boss, I won't play, 'cause he has named all there is.'"

Grant a Major General.

Frederick Dent Grant, who has just been promoted to the rank of major general in the United States army by President Roosevelt, has been in command of the department of the east, with headquarters at Governors island, New York city. The promotion was made to fill the vacancy caused by the retirement of Major General Sumner.

The new major general is the eldest son of the late Ulysses S. Grant, the hero of the civil war. He was born in St. Louis in 1850, was graduated from West Point in 1871 and held the rank of lieutenant colonel in the army when

FREDERICK DENT GRANT.

he resigned his commission in 1881. He has been minister to Austria and more recently held the position of police commissioner of New York city. At the outbreak of the Spanish war he re-entered the army as colonel of a New York volunteer regiment. He served for a time in Porto Rico and later distinguished himself in the Philippines. He was made a brigadier general in the regular service in 1901.

General Grant was only twelve years old when his father took him to the front, and he was close to him during the whole of the Vicksburg campaign. One of his experiences was running the batteries of Vicksburg by his father's side on a gunboat.

EARTHQUAKE BUREAU URGED

Seismologists Want an International Society to Cope With Perils.

Professor Herbert H. Turner, who occupies the chair of astronomy at Oxford university, Professor John Milne, the famous seismologist, and other leading English scientists have seized the opportunity offered by the San Francisco earthquake to urge the establishment of an international organization to seek means for coping with seismic perils, says a London special cable dispatch to the Chicago News. It is Professor Turner's belief that wider and more careful observation will determine the times and places of earthquakes and enable people to take precautions for the preservation of life and property.

He says that, although little encouragement hitherto has been given outside of Japan, the seismologists of that country have located the chief danger points of the globe and have ascertained that earthquakes are apt to happen coincidently with the accelerated rotation of the earth due to exceptionally heavy spring tides. Professor Turner says that if the nations co-operated in promoting seismologic study these general discoveries would be followed by the more specific and more definite knowledge necessary to forecasts of the highest human and commercial value.

Professor Milne, who established the seismic survey of Japan, embracing 968 stations, is the foremost student of earthquakes in England. He has located forty observatories at important points, so as to cover the world, and has carried on the correspondence required to keep them in communication with one another and to co-ordinate the records. He has called attention to the fact that at the Imperial university in Tokyo a platform has been constructed on which models of masonry, wood and metal have been subjected to seismic shocks. He added that this platform had been to the builders of Japan what the testing tank dockyard had been to the constructors of ships.

The result is buildings which stand earthquakes that would raze ordinary structures. The professor says that Germany is embarking in a large way on seismologic investigations and that the matter cannot longer be neglected by other countries.

It is expected that a great meeting of scientists will shortly be called to force the question upon the attention of the British ministry.

WEIGHING OF THE EARTH.

American Scientists Will Use the Great Pyramid In the Job.

Twentieth century science is dissatisfied with he accepted figures of the earth's weight, says The World Today, and Americans are planning to weigh it again.

The last time it was done was more than half a century ago, when, under Airy's direction, pendulums were swung at the top and the bottom of an English coal pit.

The comparison of their times of swing showed how heavy the whole earth was compared with the outermost thin shell, a shell of the thickness of the depth of the coal pit. Since geologists were able to give a fair estimate of the weight of this surface shell the weight of the entire earth became a mere matter of multiplication.

The same experiment is to be repeated by a scientific expedition from the survey department at Washington. Pendulums are to be swung at the apex of the great pyramid of Egypt and in the chambers at its center and base.

From the swing of these pendulums the comparative weights of the earth and of the pyramid can be learned; and, the weight of the pyramid having been estimated, the weight of the earth will again be a mere matter of multiplication.

Canadian Boy a King.

A strange story recently came to light about a young Ontario boy, and it is to the effect that he has become a king among the South Sea islanders, says an Ottawa correspondent of the Chicago Chronicle. His name is Thomas Darling, and he is the son of a small farmer at Sparta, Ont. It seems that he had a fancy for going about without any clothes on, although sane and rational upon every other subject. He went to Honolulu, but was transported from there to San Francisco on account of this fad. He was a student at Stanford university for awhile and was known there as "Barefoot Bill," and when he was expelled from there on account of his queer antics about clothing he went to Tahiti and has now become a virtual king among the South Sea islanders.

The Spirit of Forty-nine.

There wasn't no Pacific heights when me and Jim came here;
The salt sloughs ran on Mission street, with sand dunes far and near.
There wan't no bricks nor pavin' stones nor railway systems when
We set old Frisco on the sands—and we'll set 'er there again!

When doubters said, "Impossible!" we laughed their doubts to scorn.
'Twas pack train through the desert lands and cutter round the Horn.
We lined the beaches with our dead, the hillsides with our bones;
When Frisco was a roarin' camp we laid the cornerstones.

'Twas us that plowed the thoroughfares and built the wharfs by day;
'Twas us that formed the vigilants to drive the wolves away;
We built the schools, we made the laws, and them that wasn't square
Got settled with a shotgun, but they got it on the square.

Yet there she's lyin', flatter than the day I seen the town.
The monuments is in the streets, the churches tumbled down,
But there's the same old Argonaut a-cryin' in our men,
We built 'er up in forty-nine, and we'll build 'er up again!"

—Wallace Irwin in New York Globe.

UNDER A HAYSTACK.

The Scene of a Famous and Eventful Prayer Meeting.

The most famous prayer meeting ever convened in this country was held in the summer of 1806 on the grounds of a farmer adjacent to Williams college, Williamstown, Mass., says Leslie's Weekly. It was held by five students. They were querying what they could do for the benefit of mankind. A thunderstorm occurred, and they took refuge under a haystack and continued the meeting. Seemingly the students alone for the time being knew of the meeting. For years the place was unmarked and the event uncommemorated. But those students originated the foreign missionary movement in this country for the benefit of all lands and peoples. Subsequently Williams college acquired the property, named it Mission park and erected a monument commemorative of the great result. It consists of a shaft of granite twelve feet in height, bearing a globe three feet in diameter, representing the world. The legend on the shaft is, "The Birthplace of American Foreign Missions." Underneath are the names of five students who had a part in the meeting—Samuel J. Mills, James Richards, Francis L. Robbins, Harvey Loomis and Byram Green. This memorial is an object of interest to every visitor to Williamstown, and at every commencement a religious service is held beside it.

BABIES IN ARABIA.

Their Charms and Perfumes and the Shaving of Heads.

Life has exceptional difficulties for the babies of Arabia, especially for those who are of sufficiently high rank to be brought up according to all the ancient customs of their race. A royal baby's first toilet there consists in winding a bandage about its body after it has been carefully bathed and perfumed.

If the child be a girl, on the seventh day of her birth, holes, usually six in number, are pricked in her ears, and when she is two months old heavy gold rings are attached to them, to be worn throughout her lifetime except during periods of mourning for relatives. On the fortieth day the baby's head is shaved, and the disposal of the hair is regarded as a very weighty matter. It must not be burned or carelessly thrown away, but buried, thrown into the sea or hidden away.

The fortieth day marks a turning point in the child's life. Heretofore it has only been seen by few, but now it may be seen by anybody and is regarded as fairly launched on the tide of existence. Several charms are attached to its body for protection against the "evil eye" Everything the child uses is perfumed and covered at night with jasmine and before it is used fumigated with amber and musk and sprinkled with attar of roses.

A Miniature Inland Ocean.

One of the queerest sheets of water in New England or within the limits of the United States, or the world for that matter, is the celebrated "Snow's ocean" in the state of Maine. When calm it is to all appearances an ordinary pond of no great dimensions, but observations and investigations made more than a century ago prove that the little body of water is a veritable ocean. It is located in Orrington, near Bangor, and its peculiarity is that, although situated among some high hills some distance from ocean or river, it has tides which rise and fall as regularly as do those of the great Atlantic. Many so called scientific examinations of this miniature ocean's bed and surrounding banks have been made, but so far no tenable explanation of the phenomenon has ever been given to the public.

Too Much Levity.

Kilduff—For a bill collector young Dunn displays considerable ill timed levity. Skidmore—In what way? Kilduff—When he comes after an account he says cheerfully, "Did you want to see me today?"

Taking No Chances.

A Glasgow steamer was laboring in a heavy sea, the waves sometimes sweeping her decks, but the officers had assured the passengers that there was no danger, and all seemed reasonably calm with the exception of one meek appearing little man, who every few minutes would approach an officer and anxiously inquire if he thought the ship would founder

"No, I tell you!" one of them finally exclaimed, with impatience. "What is the matter with you? Look at those other people—they are not scared to death."

"Oh, I'm not scared," the man replied. "But, if the ship was going to founder, I wanted to know a little ahead of time."

"Oh! Wanted to tell your friends goodby and all that?"

"Well, not exactly," the man said hesitatingly. "The fact is, my mother-in-law is along with me, and if the ship was quite sure to sink I wanted to say a few things to her."—Harper's Weekly.

The Ancients and Medicine.

A roll of papyrus acquired by Dr. Ebers in the vicinity of Thebes, Egypt, in the winter of 1872, from an Arab who made ancient grave robbing a business, after investigation and translation was deposited in the library of the University of Leipsic. The script of this papyrus is hieratic. The date of it is said to be over 7,000 years ago. It is a comprehensive treatise on medicine. Diseases of the abdomen, the chest, the heart, the eyes, the ears, and so on, are carefully arranged and described in a manner that would command respect at the present day. For instance, of the heart the papyrus classifies the troubles as fatty degeneration, dilation, carditis, angina, or spasm; hypertrophy (enlargement), thrombosis (plugging) and dropsy. Of medicines over 700 different substances are enumerated, and they are prescribed in pills, in tablets, in capsules, in decoctions, powders, inhalations, lotions, ointments and plasters.

Better Late Than Never.

"Intelligence has just reached me"—began Mr. Blodger as he sat down to the dinner table.

"Thank goodness if it has at last!" exclaimed Mrs. Blodger, and the food was partaken of in silence.

Plenty of Reason.

"I don't see why that tune haunts me constantly," complained a dull man who was always humming.

"Because you are forever murdering it!" came the quick reply from Foote.

Envious Canada.

There is a great deal of gush about the charming and all conquering American girl. What is the truth about this much lauded damsel? The most attractive American is she who is educated abroad, who imitates the voice of the Englishwoman and the dress of the Frenchwoman and who uses the money accruing from Chicago pork or New York stocks to buy, so far as such things may be bought, the old world graces of speech and attire.—Canadian Magazine.

Easy English.

"Ah, your language! Eet ess so difficult."

"What's the matter, count?"

"First, zis novel eet say ze man was unhorsed."

"Yes?"

"Zen it say he was cowed."

MASSILLON MARKET

(This report is corrected daily.)

The following is the paying price in Massillon, Saturday, May 5, '06:

Country butter, per lb	20-22
Eggs, per dozen	12
Chickens, live, per lb	10-11
Chickens, dressed	12½-14
Potatoes, per bushel	60

GRAIN MARKETS.

Following are the paying prices:

Wheat	85
Hay, loose, per ton	$9 to $10
Hay, baled, per ton	$9 to $10
Oats, per bushel	32
Corn, per bushel	50

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The Store that always gives their customers the Best Grades at the Lower Grade Prices. Only First Class Goods Handled

Lancaster Ginghams.

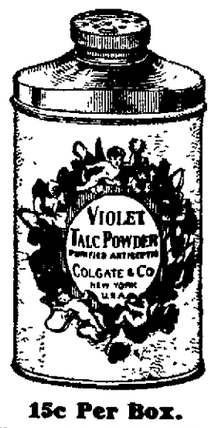
An entire new assortment of the genuine LANCASTER APRON GINGHAMS just received. All new stock and first class only.

Dress Goods Section.

Quaker Gray Nun's Cloth 85c yd.
Wm F. Read's Lansdowne $1 25.
45 inch Mohairs only 65c yd.
56 inch (special serge) Navy Blue only, Very Special, $1.25 a yd.

Colgate's Cashmere Bouquet and Violet Talcum Powder, 25c size box, Our Price 15c box.

Here is where your money will go a longer ways than buying the same brands elsewhere.



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